730 83 RELIGIOUS MINISTRY FACILITIES (sq.m./SF)

Project Review: EFD -- CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS (OP-097) -- NAVFAC HQ (15)

Commandant of the Marine Corps (CMC) code LFL

Design Criteria: NAVFAC DM 37.06 (Will be revised to Mil-Hdbk - 1037/6 Religious Ministry Facilities)

I. RELIGIOUS MINISTRY FACILITIES (RMF). Department of the Navy Policy is that commanders and commanding officers will provide for the free exercise of religion by sea service personnel and their dependants through Command Religious Programs. Religious Ministry Facility (RMF) is a generic term for facility assets used to support Command Religious Programs. RMFs must therefore accommodate the religious rights and needs of a multi-faith, inter-generational, culturally diverse sea service population.

<u>Space Criteria</u> for RMFs are determined by five factors: **Population** for whom ministry will be provided, **types of religious programming** to be provided, **environmental factors**, **number of seats** in each RMF, and **number of RMFs** at the installation.

<u>Chief of Chaplains</u> as technical sponsor for RMFs and Director of Religious Ministries for the Department of the Navy under SECNAVINST 1730.7 will make the final determination of the number, and size of each RMF at an installation, and the allocation of space within each RMF.

RMFs within hospitals are treated as a unique requirement.

A. INSTALLATION POPULATION

- 1. **Installation population** is defined as military strength assigned to the military installation plus their dependents.
- 2. For **multiple installations** located in the same geographic area, installation population is defined as the military strength, plus their dependents, for whom ministry should be provided at the RMF. The **Chief of Chaplains** will decide which military strength, plus their dependents, will be used to calculate each installation's space allowance for an RMF(s) when there are multiple installations in the same geographic area. This should be determined when developing the Basic Facilities Requirement (BFR). The same military strength can never be used to justify a space allowance for RMFs at more than one installation. Ministry provided for personnel and their dependents remains the responsibility of the command to which the personnel are attached.
- 3. For **Training installations**, a weighted average on board count of students should be included in the military strength.
- 4. **Authorized civilian personnel,** and their dependents, shall be included in the population count when dependent on the military installation for religious support.

STEP 1: Determine Installation Population

- Using the definitions above, determine the **military strength** (and civilian when applicable) for whom ministry will be provided at the RMF(s).
- Determine the number of **dependents** from actual **Family Housing Survey figures**. If actual data is unavailable, estimate the number of dependents by first determining the number of military personnel (and civilian when applicable) with dependents. Multiply this number by Navy and Marine Corps service-wide average number of dependents (currently **2.6**).

- Add the **military strength** (civilian when applicable) with the **dependents** from the steps above to determine the **Total Installation Population** = _____ **pn.**

B. ENVIRONMENTAL ADJUSTMENT FACTORS (EAFs)

- 1. The EAF is based on the number of major faith group facilities in the surrounding civilian community within 8 km (5 miles) of the installation gate. For this criteria, use only these major faith groups: Baptist/Independent Fundamentalists, Disciples of Christ/Methodist/Presbyterian/United Church of Christ, Episcopalian/Lutheran/Pentecostal, and Roman Catholic.
- 2. Factors determining Geographical Distribution of Housing

CLOSE	80% or more of installation population reside on installation or within a distance of three kilometers (two miles).
NORMAL three	Less than 80% of installation population reside on installation or within a distance of kilometers (two miles) but more than 40% reside within a distance of eight kilometers (five miles).
DISTANT eight	Less than 40% of installation population reside on installation or within a distance of kilometers (five miles).

STEP 2: Use EAFs to adjust installation Population

- Count the number of **major faith groups** which have at least one facility within **eight kilometers** (**five miles**) of the installation gate.
- Determine the **housing distribution** from the definitions above.
- **Refer to Table 730-83A** below. Find the number of major denomination churches determined and read across the table to find the **Housing Adjustment**. **Multiply** this **factor** by the **total installation population** (determined in STEP 1) which will give you an **Adjusted Installation population** = _____ **pn.**

TABLE 730-83A Environment Adjustment Factors for RMFs

HOUSING Number of major faith group facilities in the surrounding civilian community within 8 kilometers (5 miles) of the installation gate. DISTANT **CLOSE** NORMAL 1.00 0.69 0.46 1 0.84 0.63 0.43 2 0.76 0.58 0.38 3 0.69 0.52 0.35 4 0.61 0.46 0.30 0.53 0.40 0.26

C. NUMBER OF RMFs

STEP 3: Determine Total Number of Common Assembly Seats below:

- Use **Adjusted Installation Population** (STEP 2) and **Table 730-83B** to determine the total number of **Common Assembly seats** = ______ for the installation (column 2, Table 730-83B).

TABLE 730-83B Number of Seats in Common Assembly Areas at an Installation

Column 1. Adjusted Installation Population		Column 2 Number of Common Assembly Seats	Column 1 (cont.) Adjusted Installation Population	Column 2 (cont.) Number of Common Assembly Seats
Up to	500	35	13,001 to 14,000	1,800
501 to	1,000	200	14,001 to 15,000	2,000
1,001 to	1,500	300	15,001 to 16,000	2,100
1,501 to	2,000	400	16,001 to 17,000	2,100
2,001 to	2,500	500	17,001 to 18,000	2,200
2,501 to	3,000	600	18,001 to 19,000	2,200
3,001 to	3,500	700	19,001 to 20,000	2,300
3,501 to	4,000	800	20,001 to 21,000	2,400
4,001 to	5,000	900	21,001 to 22,000	2,400
5,001 to	6,000	1,000	22,001 to 23,000	2,500
6,001 to	7,000	1,100	23,001 to 24,000	2,500
7,001 to	8,000	1,200	24,001 to 25,000	2,600
8,001 to	9,000	1,300	25,001 to 26,000	2,700
9,001 to	10,000	1,400	26,001 to 27,000	2,700
10,001 to	11,000	1,500	27,001 to 28,000	2,800
11,001 to	,	1,600	28,001 to 29,000	2,900
12,001 to	,	1,700	29,001 to 30,000	3,000
,	,	,	For each additional 1,000	,

STEP 4: Determine Number of RMFs

- Use the total umber of seats in common assembly areas at an installation (STEP 3), the installation's mission, the types of religious programming required to adequately meet the religious needs and rights of assigned sea service personnel and their dependents, and economical considerations to determine the number of RMFs. RMFs will normally be built in one or a combination of several sizes up to a maximum of 600 seats in common assembly areas, ie., the sum of the seating in all of the common assembly areas within the RMF should generally not exceed 600 seats. Smaller size RMFs are intended primarily for use at small installations. For example, to satisfy a requirement for 1200 seats, two 600 seat RMFs should be planned rather than three 400 seat RMFs on a typical Navy base; a 1200 seat RMF is more practical at a training center. Typically RMFs will be built with the largest common assembly space seating from 250pn to 500pn. Some installations, such as training centers, may want the convenience of one large RMF assembly area under one roof to accommodate the different congregations in separate areas. Except in unique situations, and with the concurrence of the Chief of Chaplains, the total requirements at an installation will not exceed that authorized by Table 730-83C.

D. SPACE ALLOCATION FOR RMFs

- 1. **RMFs** are comprised of six (6) different types of spaces (an approximate percentage of total space is in parenthesis): **1. Worship** (35-85%), **2. Religious Education** (10-40%), **3. Pastoral Counseling** (1-12%)
- **4. Fellowship** (1-20%) **5. Pastoral Administration** (1-20%), and **6. Utility/Support** (1-5%). Adequate and appropriate provisions for all six types should be provided within the criteria. These are contingent on the mission of the installation, religious programming, and needs/rights of assigned personnel and their dependents. **The Chief of Chaplains will decide space allocations within RMFs.**
- 2. Within each of the six different types of spaces, part of the requirement will depend primarily upon the **number of RMFs at an installation** and part of the requirement will depend primarily upon the **adjusted installation population**. Examples of the former include **sacristy, reconciliation room, chancel, reception**, and **kitchen**. Examples of the latter include **religious education spaces, chaplain's offices** and **fellowship halls**. Thus the square foot requirement for each RMF has two separate components each of which must be determined separately.

STEP 5: Determine Total First Component Requirements Based Primarily upon the Number of RMFs

- Use the **number of seats for each RMF** (STEP 4) to determine the **first component** of the gross square foot requirement for the RMF from Column 2 in Table 730-83C. The first component is that portion of the requirement which is primarily dependent upon the number of common assembly seats in that RMF. First component total of **RMF Gross Area Requirement** = ______ (sum of the first components of RMF Gross Req. for each RMF).

TABLE 730-83C First Component of RMF Gross Area Requirement (for each RMF)

Ī	Column 1. Number of assembly Seats	Column 2 First Component RMF Gross Area sq.m. SF	
		sq.m.	SI
	35	186	2,000
	200	604	6,500
	300	794	8,550
	400	948	10,200
	500	1,070	11,500
	* 6001,240	13,320	,
	700	1,370	14,700
	800	1,490	16,000
	900	1,590	17,100
	1,000	1,670	18,000
	1,100	1,740	18,700
(Maximum for one RMF)	1,200	1,780	19,200

 $^{^{\}ast}\,$ When greater than 600 seats, consider the use of multiple RMFs. Use this table to size each one.

STEP 6: Determine Second Component Requirements Based Primarily upon the Adjusted Installation Population

- Use the **adjusted installation population** (STEP 2) to determine the **second component** of the gross square meter (square foot) requirement for RMFs at the installation from Column 2 of Table 730-83D. The second component is that portion of the requirement which is primarily dependent upon the adjusted installation population. Total second component of **RMF Gross Area Requirement for the installation** = .

TABLE 730-83D Second Component of RMF Gross Area Requirement

Column 1. Adjusted Installation Population		nn 2 omponent coss Area SF	Column 1 (cont.) Adjusted Installation Population	Second C	2 (cont.) omponent ross Area SF
UP to 500	93	1,000	13,001 to 14,000	1,390	14,920
501 to 1,000	372	4,000	14,001 to 15,000	1,460	15,760
1,001 to 1,500	411	4,420	15,001 to 16,000	1,540	16,600
1,501 to 2,000	450	4,840	16,001 to 17,000	1,620	17,440
2,001 to 2,500	489	5,260	17,001 to 18,000	1,700	18,280
2,501 to 3,000	528	5,680	18,001 to 19,000	1,780	19,120
3,001 to 3,500	567	6,100	19,001 to 20,000	1,850	19,960
3,501 to 4,000	606	6,520	20,001 to 21,000	1,930	20,800
4,001 to 5,000	684	7,360	21,001 to 22,000	2,010	21,640
5,001 to 6,000	762	8,200	22,001 to 23,000	2,090	22,480
6,001 to 7,000	840	9,040	23,001 to 24,000	2,170	23,320
7,001 to 8,000	918	9,880	24,001 to 25,000	2,240	24,160
8,001 to 9,000	996	10,720	25,001 to 26,000	2,320	25,000
9,001 to 10,000	1,070	11,560	26,001 to 27,000	2,400	25,840
10,001 to 11,000	1,150	12,400	27,001 to 28,000	2,480	26,680
11,001 to 12,000	1,230	13,240	28,001 to 29,000	2,560	27,520
12,001 to 13,000	1,310	14,080	29,001 to 30,000	2,530	28,360
			For each additional		
			1,000 add	78	840

STEP 7: Allocate Second Component of Gross Area Requirement to each RMF

- Apportion the total installation second component Gross Area requirement determined in STEP 6 among each of the RMFs authorized for the installation in STEP 4. Factors to be considered in the apportionment of Gross Area in each RMF are the Installation's Mission, the Installation's Geography, and Religious Programming. The Chief of Chaplains shall approve the apportionment.

Examples:

- 1. A large installation with a remote family housing may want one RMF in the housing area and another adjacent to the BEOs.
- 2. A training command may want one RMF for students and another for permanent population.

STEP 8: Determine the Total Gross Area Requirement for each RMF at the installation

- To determine the total gross area requirement for each RMF at an installation, add the first component requirement (STEP 5) to the second component requirement (STEP 7) and multiply the sum by a factor of 1.1 (this allows for mechanical, electrical and communication equipment spaces).

Total Gross Area Requirement for the RMF = $(STEP 5 _ + STEP 7 _) x (1.1)$ $RMF = _ Gross Area$

STEP 9: Determine the Total Installation RMF Gross Area Requirement

- Repeat STEP 8 for each RMF at the installation.
- The total installation RMF Gross Area Requirement is the sum of the Gross Area Requirements for each RMF at the installation (include any RMF within a hospital which is part of the installation).

Total Installation RMF Requirement = ____ Gross Area

II. <u>HOSPITAL RMFs</u>. To serve patients and staff personnel on duty within composite medical facilities, inhospital RMFs may be provided. The hospital RMF will be coded as Category Code 730-83. **Space allocated to the hospital RMF is to be included in the installation totals computed above.** Use Table 730-83E to compute Hospital RMFs.

TABLE 730-83E Space Allocations for Hospital RMFs

Hospital Size (Beds)	Gross Area Note (1)		
	sq.m.	SF	
26 to 99	34	364	
100 to 199	102	1,100	
Over 200	130	1,400	

^{(1).} Add an additional 5-10% (dependent on local conditions) of the buildings gross area for mechanical, electrical, and communication equipment space(s)

730 84 (RELIGIOUS EDUCATION FACILITY) is Deleted. The criteria is incorporated in RELIGIOUS MINISTRY FACILITIES CCN 730 83.